

§ 522.1020

8-hours intervals until desired results are achieved.

(b) Do not use in horses intended for food.

(ii) It is used for treatment of acute noninflammatory tissue edema.

(a) Administer intramuscularly or intravenously at 0.5 milligram per pound of body weight (1.0 milligram per kilogram); once or twice daily at 6- to 8-hour intervals.

(b) The dosage should be adjusted to the individual's response. In refractory or severe edematous cases, the dosage may be doubled or increased by increments of 1 milligram per pound of body weight to establish the effective dose. The established effective dose should be administered once or twice daily on an intermittent daily schedule, i.e., every other day or 2 to 4 consecutive days weekly. Concurrent therapy for treatment of systemic conditions causing edema (pulmonary congestion, ascites, cardiac insufficiency) should be instituted.

(3) *Cattle.* (i) It is used for the treatment of physiological parturient edema of the mammary gland and associated structures.

(ii) The drug is administered intramuscularly or intravenously at a dosage of 500 milligrams per animal once daily or 250 milligrams per animal twice daily at 12-hour intervals, treatment not to exceed 48 hours postparturition.

(iii) Milk taken during treatment and for 48 hours (four milkings) after the last treatment must not be used for food.

(iv) Cattle must not be slaughtered for food within 48 hours following last treatment.

(4) The drug if given in excessive amounts may result in dehydration and electrolyte imbalance.

(5) Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.

[40 FR 60051, Dec. 31, 1975, as amended at 41 FR 10426, Mar. 11, 1976; 48 FR 36572, Aug. 12, 1983; 49 FR 26715, June 29, 1984; 53 FR 40727, Oct. 18, 1988; 62 FR 35076, June 30, 1997]

§ 522.1020 Gelatin solution.

(a) *Specifications.* It is sterile and each 100 cubic centimeters contains 8

21 CFR Ch. I (4-1-01 Edition)

grams of gelatin in an 0.85 percent sodium chloride solution.

(b) *Sponsor.* See No. 000856 in § 510.600(c) of this chapter.

(c) *Conditions of use.* (1) It is used to restore circulatory volume and maintain blood pressure in animals being treated for shock.

(2) The exact dosage to be administered must be determined after evaluating the animal's condition and will vary according to the size of the animal and the degree of shock. A suggested dosage range for small animals such as dogs is 4 to 8 cubic centimeters per pound body weight. The suggested dosage range for large animals such as sheep, calves, cows, or horses is 2 to 4 cubic centimeters per pound of body weight. It is administered intravenously at a rate of 10 cubic centimeters per minute in small animals and 20 to 30 cubic centimeters per minute in large animals. The solution is administered aseptically and must be between 50 to 70 °F. when injected.

(3) A few animals will exhibit signs of allergic reaction. This solution can cause transient reversible nephrosis. This product is not intended to replace whole blood in cases of anemia and should not be used in the presence of renal dysfunction. Unused portions remaining in bottles should be discarded.

(4) For use only by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.

§ 522.1044 Gentamicin sulfate injection.

(a) *Specifications.* Each milliliter of sterile aqueous solution contains gentamicin sulfate equivalent to either 5, 50, or 100 milligrams of gentamicin.

(b) *Sponsors.* (1) See No. 000061 in § 510.600(c) of this chapter for use of: 5-milligrams-per-milliliter solution in swine as in paragraph (d)(4) of this section, 50-milligrams-per-milliliter solution in dogs and cats as in paragraph (d)(1) of this section, 50- and 100-milligrams-per-milliliter solution in chickens and turkeys as in paragraphs (d)(2) and (d)(3) of this section.

(2) [Reserved]

(3) See No. 000010 for use of 50 milligrams-per-milliliter solution in dogs as in paragraph (d)(5) of this section.

(4) See No. 059130 for use of 100 milligram-per-milliliter solution in turkeys

as in paragraph (d)(2) of this section and in chickens as in paragraph (d)(3) of this section.

(c) *Related tolerances.* See § 556.300 of this chapter.

(d) *Conditions of use*—(1) *Dogs and cats*—(i) *Amount.* Two milligrams of gentamicin per pound of body weight, twice daily on the first day, once daily thereafter, using a 50 milligram-per-milliliter solution.

(ii) *Indications for use*—(a) *Dogs.* For the treatment of infections of urinary tract (cystitis, nephritis), respiratory tract (tonsillitis, pneumonia, tracheobronchitis), skin and soft tissue (pyodermatitis, wounds, lacerations, peritonitis).

(b) *Cats.* For the treatment of infections of urinary tract (cystitis, nephritis), respiratory tract (pneumonitis, pneumonia, upper respiratory tract infections), skin and soft tissue (wounds, lacerations, peritonitis), and as supportive therapy for secondary bacterial infections associated with panleucopenia.

(iii) *Limitations.* Administer intramuscularly or subcutaneously. If response is not noted after 7 days, the antibiotic sensitivity of the infecting organism should be retested. Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.

(2) *Turkeys*—(i) *Amount.* One milligram of gentamicin per 0.2 milliliter dose, using the 50- or 100-milligrams-per-milliliter product diluted with sterile saline to a concentration of 5 milligrams-per-milliliter.

(ii) *Indications for use.* As an aid in the prevention of early mortality due to Arizona paracolon infections susceptible to gentamicin.

(iii) *Limitations.* For 1- to 3-day old turkey poults. Administer subcutaneously in the neck. Injected poults must not be slaughtered for food for at least 9 weeks after treatment.

(3) *Chickens*—(i) *Amount.* 0.2 milligram of gentamicin per 0.2 milliliter dose, using the 50- or 100-milligrams-per-milliliter product diluted with sterile saline to a concentration of 1.0 milligram-per-milliliter.

(ii) *Indications for use.* In day-old chickens, for prevention of early mortality caused by *Escherichia coli*, *Salmonella typhimurium*, and *Pseudomonas*

aeruginosa that are susceptible to gentamicin.

(iii) *Limitations.* For use in day-old chickens only. Administer aseptically, injecting the diluted product subcutaneously in the neck. Do not slaughter treated animals for food for at least 5 weeks after treatment.

(4) *Swine*—(i) *Amount.* 5 milligrams of gentamicin as a single intramuscular dose using 5 milligram-per-milliliter solution.

(ii) *Indications for use.* In piglets up to 3 days old for treatment of porcine colibacillosis caused by strains of *E. coli* sensitive to gentamicin.

(iii) *Limitations.* For single intramuscular dose in pigs up to 3 days of age only. Do not slaughter treated animals for food for at least 40 days following treatment.

(5) *Dogs*—(i) *Amount.* 2 milligrams of gentamicin per pound of body weight, twice daily on the first day, then once daily.

(ii) *Indications for use.* For use in the treatment of urinary tract infections (cystitis) caused by *Proteus mirabilis*, *Escherichia coli*, and *Staphylococcus aureus*.

(iii) *Limitations.* Administer intramuscularly or subcutaneously. If no improvement is seen after 3 days, treatment should be discontinued and the diagnosis reevaluated. Treatment not to exceed 7 days. Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.

[43 FR 1942, Jan. 13, 1978, as amended at 48 FR 791, Jan. 7, 1983; 51 FR 15606, Apr. 25, 1986; 52 FR 7832, Mar. 13, 1987; 53 FR 40727, Oct. 18, 1988; 60 FR 29985, June 7, 1995; 61 FR 24441, May 15, 1996; 62 FR 45157, Aug. 26, 1997; 63 FR 59714, Nov. 5, 1998; 63 FR 68182, Dec. 10, 1998; 65 FR 45877, July 26, 2000]

§ 522.1055 Gleptoferron injection.

(a) *Specifications.* Each milliliter contains the equivalent of 200 milligrams of elemental iron as gleptoferron (complex of ferric hydroxide and dextran glucoheptonic acid), and 0.5 percent phenol as a preservative.

(b) *Sponsor.* See 062408 in § 510.600(c) of this chapter.

(c) *Conditions of use.* It is used in baby pigs as follows:

(1) For prevention of iron deficiency anemia, administer 200 milligrams of